Supplemental Tables

<u>Table 1:</u> Patient and aneurysm characteristics for unruptured and ruptured aneurysms

Characteristics	Unruptured aneurysms Ruptured aneurysms										
Patient age	55 ± 12 years 55 ± 10 years										
	(27 -79 years) (36 -71 years)										
Aneurysm location	ICA	BA	MCA	VA	ACOM	Other	ICA	BA	VA	Other	
	109 (76.2%)	9 (6.3%)	9 (6.3%)	6 (4.2%)	6 (4.2%)	4 (2.8%)	8 (44.4%)	4 (22.2%)	3 (16.7%)	3 (16.7%)	
Aneurysm size ¹ [mm]	8.4 ± 6.4						3.3 ± 2.0				
			(2.0 -	- 46.0)			(1.0 – 8.0)				
Neck diameter [mm]			4.9	± 3.9			2.8 ± 1.9				
	(1.0 - 36.0) $(1.0 - 6.2)$										
Dome-to-neck ratio	1.7 ± 0.8 1.6 ± 1.6										
			(0.4-5.1) $(0.9-7.5)$								
Diameter of the parent artery	Proximal Distal Proximal Distal						stal				
proximal and distal to the											
aneurysm [mm]	3.6 ± 0.8 3.1 ± 0.7					3.0 ± 0.7 2.5 ± 0.8					
	(1.5 - 7.0) (1.3 - 5.2)					(1.9 - 4.3) (1.2 - 4.0)					
Aneurysm type	Saccular	Fı	usiform	Blist	ter-like	Dissecting	Blister-like	Saccular	Dissecting	Fusiform	
	126 (88.1%)) 10) (7.0%)	5 (3.5%)	2 (1.4%)	9 (50.0%)	5 (27.8%)	3 (16.7%)	1 (5.6%)	
Sidewall or bifurcation	Sidewall			Bifurcation			Sic	lewall	Bif	Bifurcation	
aneurysm											
	122 (85.3%)			21 (14.7%)			14 (77.8%)	4 (4 (22.2%)	

Data indicated as Mean ± standard deviation (minimum – maximum) or absolute number of cases (relative frequency in %). ICA: internal carotid artery; BA: basilar artery; PCOM: posterior communicating artery; MCA: middle cerebral artery; VA: vertebral artery; ¹maximal diameter

<u>Table 2:</u> Treatment parameters, complications and occlusion rates

Treatment parameters		Ur	ruptured aneurysr	ns		Ruptured aneurysms						
Aneurysms	One	Two) Т	hree	Four		One		Two			
treated in the respective treatment session	128 (89.5%)	11 (77.	7%) 2 (1.4%)	2 (1.4%)		16 (88.9%)			2 (11.1%)		
Additional coiling				3 (16	5.7%)							
In-stent PTA	4 (2.8%)											
Adverse events a	Adverse events and complications											
Adverse event	Technical periprocedural adverse event	Minor adverse event	Major adverse event	Neurologica morbidity		Technical periprocedural adverse event	Minor adve event			eurological morbidity	Mortality	
	5 (3.5%)	17 (11.9%)	4 (2.8%)	2 (1.4%)	1 (0.7%)	0 (0%)	4 (22.2%	1 (5	6%) 1 (5.6%) 1 (5.6°		1 (5.6%)	
Occlusion rates	Occlusion rates											
Occlusion at	I: Complete oc	clusion	II: Residual neck	III: F	Residual aneurysm	I: Complete o	cclusion	II: Resid	ual neck	III: Resid	lual aneurysm	
latest follow-up ⁷	88 (68.2%	6)	21 (16.3%)		20 (15.5%)	6 (46.2%)		3 (23	3.1%)	4 (30.8%)		

Data indicated as absolute number of cases (relative frequency in %). ¹Imaging follow-up was available for 142/161 patients with a mean follow-up period: 7.0 months, reported according to the Raymond-Roy classification.

Supplemental Table 3: Adverse events and complications (unruptured and ruptured aneurysms)

Adverse event	No. of observed events	Intra- procedural	Post- procedural	Minor adverse event ¹	Major adverse event ²	Neurological complication	Neurological morbidity	Mortality
Asymptomatic adv	verse event	-					-1	
Fishmouthing	8 (5.0%)	0 (0%)	8 (5.0%)	-	-	-	-	-
Stent thrombosis	5 (3.1%)	4 (2.5%)	1 0.6%	-	-	-	-	-
Insufficient opening	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	-	-	-	-	-
Stent shortening	2 (0.6%)	2 (1.2%)	0 (0%)	-	-	-	-	-
Kinking of device	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	-	-	-	-	-
Coil migration	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	-	-	-	-	-
Radial artery occlusion	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	-	-	-	-	-
Summary	21 (13.0%)	9 (5.6%)	12 (7.5%)	-	-	-	-	-
Symptomatic adve	erse events							
Groin hematoma	5 (3.1%)	1 (0.6%)	4 (2.5%)	5 (3.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Visual disturbances	5 (3.1%)	0 (0%)	5 (3.1%)	5 (3.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Ischemic stroke	4 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (2.5%)	2 (1.2%)	2 (1.2%)	4 (2.5%)	2 (1.2%)	0 (0%)
Stent thrombosis	3 (1.9%)	0 (0%)	3 (1.9%)	1 (0.6%)	2 (1.9%)	3 (2.5%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)
TIA	2 (1.9%)	0 (0%)	2 (1.9%)	2 (1.2%)	0 (0%)	2 (1.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Vasospasm ³	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)
CA-induced encephalopathy	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Intracerebral hemorrhage	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)
Seizure	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Mass effect	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)
Epistaxis	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
CA allergy	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Summary ⁴	24 (14.9%)	1 (0.6%)	23 (14.3%)	21 (13.0%)	5 (3.1%)	12 (7.5%)	3 (1.9%)	2 (1.2%)

CA: contrast agent; ¹event which resolved within 7 days without any clinical sequelae; ²ongoing clinical deficit at 7 days following the event; ³related to subarachnoid hemorrhage; ⁴for directly related adverse events (one case of intracerebral hemorrhage leading to a stop of the antiplatelet therapy, resulting in stent thrombosis and fatal major ischemic stroke and one case of stent thrombosis leading to major ischemic stroke, resulting in neurological morbidity) only the initiating event is counted in the summary